Reference Edition (2020)

Please keep a copy in your home and at your workplace



What is a nuclear emergency?



What is an indoor evacuation?



Making everyday preparations is important!

# Nuclear Emergency Preparedness Handbook



How do I evacuate?



What medical services are available in an emergency?



Basic knowledge about radiation



Where are evacuation centers located?

What should I do in the event of a nuclear emergency?

What should I do when evacuating?

What is a nuclear emergency?

What
everyday
preparations
should I
make?

What measures are necessary?

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### Introduction

This handbook was created to serve as a guide for residents in how to respond in the event of a nuclear emergency at the Shimane Nuclear Power Station.

The handbook summarizes a range of important information, such as the characteristics of a nuclear emergency and the measures that need to be implemented at the time of disaster, basic knowledge about radiation, and everyday preparations for a nuclear emergency. Please keep a copy of this handbook in your home and workplace and be sure to read it thoroughly. Residents of municipalities that are to accept refugees in the case of a nuclear emergency should also check the related measures and procedures to be implemented in an emergency.

\*This handbook can also be viewed on the Tottori Prefecture Nuclear Emergency Preparedness App (p. 7).

### Tottori Prefecture's nuclear emergency preparedness efforts

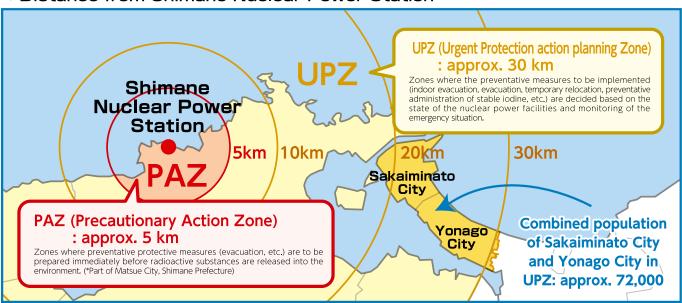
### Regional Plan for Disaster Prevention (Nuclear Emergency Preparedness Edition) and Wide-Area Residents Evacuation Plan

In preparation for the unlikely event of an accident at the Shimane Nuclear Power Station, the Tottori prefectural government is preparing and implementing various nuclear emergency preparedness measures.

Based on the lessons learned from the accident that occurred at the Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station, in October 2012, the entire area of Sakaiminato City and part of Yonago City (which are within a radius of around 30 km of the Shimane Nuclear Power Station facilities) were designated as UPZ (Urgent Protection action planning Zones), and new nuclear emergency preparedness measures were formulated. If necessary, the same indoor evacuation measures as those for UPZ-designated areas are to be implemented even in non-UPZ areas.

The Tottori prefectural government and city administrations have compiled the Regional Plan for Disaster Prevention (Nuclear Emergency Preparedness Edition) and Wide-Area Residents Evacuation Plan, which summarizes the evacuation guidelines for residents in the event of a nuclear emergency. Based on these two plans, efforts will be made to augment nuclear disaster emergency preparedness and radiation measurements (monitoring). Also, nuclear emergency drills will be conducted to ensure proficiency in disaster mitigation and to improve the effectiveness of these plans.

#### ▼Distance from Shimane Nuclear Power Station



\*UPZ for the Shimane Nuclear Power Station Unit 1 Reactor is 5 km (no PAZ)

#### Preventative measures carried out by Tottori prefectural government and city administrations

- Check that the nuclear emergency preparedness measures and safety measures of Chugoku Electric Power Co., Inc., are being implemented appropriately and, if necessary, demand that Chugoku Electric Power Co., Inc., and/or the national government make revisions.
- •To ensure the safety of the areas surrounding the Shimane Nuclear Power Station, if necessary, we conduct on-site surveys in accordance with our safety agreement with Chugoku Electric Power Co., Inc.
- •To ensure that countermeasures can be implemented swiftly when a nuclear emergency occurs, we measure radiation levels regularly under normal conditions, as well as prepare various materials and equipment for use in the event of a nuclear emergency.



### What is a nuclear emergency?

A "nuclear emergency" is a disaster that occurs because of the unlikely event of an accident at a nuclear power station that causes leakage of radioactive substances that impacts the environment and local residents.

Unlike disasters such as earthquakes and typhoons, the radiation released in a nuclear emergency is invisible to the eye and cannot be felt with the five senses.

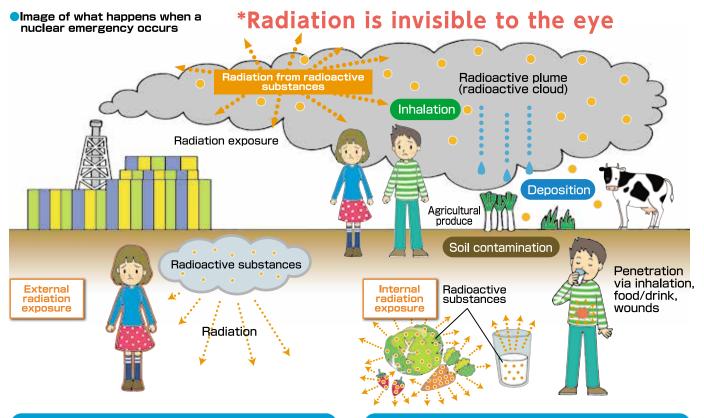
However, by implementing appropriate countermeasures, it is possible to contain and reduce radiation exposure and pollution. It is important to know in advance about the characteristics of a nuclear emergency and the possible effects, such as radiation exposure, and to remain calm as you take appropriate action!

### Characteristics of a nuclear emergency

- The existence of radiation can be detected using a radiation detector (Geiger counter), but because radiation is invisible to the eye and cannot be felt with the five senses, it is impossible to determine for yourself whether or not you have been exposed to radiation.
- Because specialized knowledge regarding nuclear energy is required, the roles, instructions, and advice of specialist
  organizations are extremely important.
- It is essential that you carry out indoor evacuations or evacuate based on information provided by prefectures and/or cities via television, radio, and other media.

### What happens when a nuclear emergency occurs?

When an accident occurs at a nuclear power station, radioactive substances are released into the surrounding environment, and people may be exposed to radiation.



#### Difference between "radiation exposure" and "radiation contamination"

- \*There are ways to avoid radiation exposure and contamination.
- Radiation exposure: radiation enters a person's body.
- Contamination: radioactive substances adhere to the person's skin and/or clothing; these radioactive substances can be washed or wiped off (decontamination).

#### External radiation exposure and internal radiation exposure

- \*Care needs to be taken with regard to not only external radiation exposure but also internal radiation exposure.
- External radiation exposure: radiation enters a person's body from the outside.
- Internal radiation exposure: radiation enters a person's internal organs or tissues due to radioactive substances that enter the body via breathing, food/drink, or wounds.



### What should I do if an accident occurs at a nuclear power station?

In the unlikely event that an accident should occur at the nuclear power station, preventative protection measures (indoor evacuation, evacuation, etc.) are to be implemented in accordance with how the emergency situation develops. The necessary protection measures differ depending on factors, such as the scale and impact of the accident. Pay attention to information provided by the prefectures and/or cities and act calmly!

### Flow of measures to be taken in a nuclear emergency



### Measures to be implemented by residents

Refer to the following numbers for details



There is no need to take any special action, but pay attention to information provided about the nuclear emergency. Prefectures and cities will utilize various communication media to provide residents with information about the accident situation.





Preparing for indoor evacuation

Refrain from going outside unless doing so is absolutely necessary or urgent, or return home as quickly as possible and make preparations for indoor evacuation.

Continue paying close attention to information provided by prefectures and cities.





Indoor evacuation People who are outside should go into their homes or a nearby building and close all of the doors and windows. As a rule, avoid going outdoors.





#### **Evacuation procedures**

**Evacuation** 

When evacuating, follow the instructions for evacuation provided by







**Temporary** assembly center

If you are evacuating by bus, gather at the temporary assembly center and then board the buses together with other evacuees.





vehicle 🚄



Walk 1

Screening at time of evacuation from the area

Evacuees are checked at screening points along the evacuation route to see whether there are any radioactive substances attached to their clothing, skin, etc. Evacuees are given a screening certificate showing their screening results.





**Evacuation** center

Please go to the evacuation center to which you have been instructed to go. When you arrive, write your name in the evacuees register and show staff the screening certificate you received when you were screened at the time of evacuation.





Even if an accident occurs at the nuclear power station, it may not be necessary to evacuate immediately:

\*Even if radioactive substances have not been released due to the accident, an evacuation may be ordered in accordance with the circumstances, such as when it is anticipated that radioactive leakage may occur in the near future.

### Decision criteria for protective measures (indoor evacuation, evacuation, etc.) for UPZ (within an approx. 30 km radius of the nuclear power station)

In the unlikely event that a nuclear emergency occurs, preventative protective measures can be implemented swiftly because decision criteria have been established in advance.

Decisions regarding the implementation of specific protective measures are made by the Nuclear Regulation Authority, and specific instructions are issued by prefectures and cities.

### **EAL** (Emergency Action Level)

### OIL (Operational Intervention Level)

Decision criteria for implementing preventative protective measures, such as evacuation or indoor evacuation in accordance with the status of the nuclear power facility Criteria for measured values obtained from radiation monitoring used to decide implementation of protective measures (evacuation, indoor evacuation, etc.)

### Before release of radioactive substances

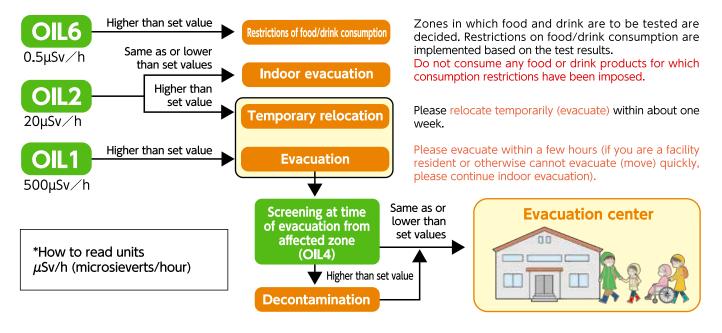
Decide based on the status of the nuclear power station

Progression of state of emergency	Status	Protective Measures
Alert (AL) (EAL1)	When an abnormal event takes place or there is risk that an abnormal event could take place (Example: major earthquake (seismic intensity of lower 6 or higher in Matsue City))  AL1: natural disaster only AL2: a major malfunction of nuclear power facilities also occurs	No special measures are required, but please pay attention to information from prefectures and cities.
Site Emergency (SE) (EAL2)	When there is the possibility of effects from radiation (Example: complete nuclear power station blackout lasting 30 minutes or longer)	Please make indoor evacuation preparations.
General Emergency (GE) (EAL3)	When there is a high possibility of effects from radiation (Example: loss of reactor cooling function)	Please implement indoor evacuation.

<sup>\*</sup>AL = Alert SE = Site Emergency GE = General Emergency

### After release of radioactive substances

Whether or not to implement additional protective measures is determined from the monitoring results.



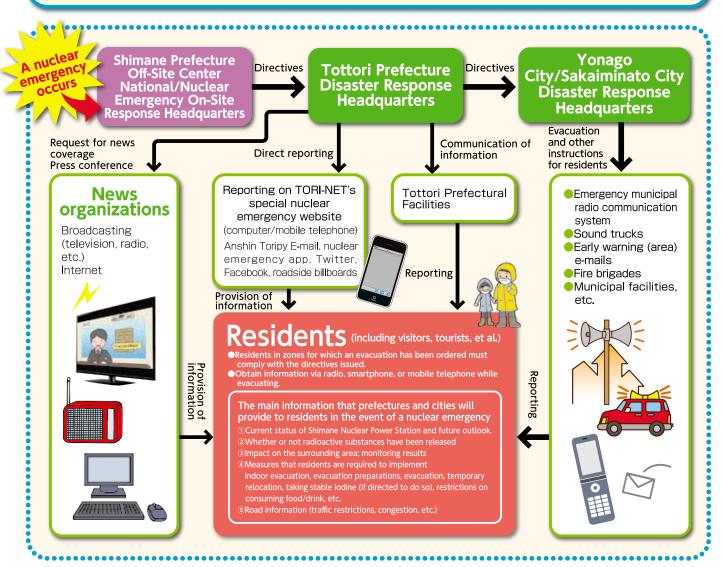


### How do I know what to do?

If a nuclear accident occurs, information will be communicated via a wide range of media, including the emergency municipal radio communication system, early warning (area) e-mail service, nuclear emergency app, television, and radio. For details, and the necessary measures that you need to implement in a nuclear emergency, please check the prefectures' website as well as television and radio bulletins.

Pay attention to information provided by the prefectures and/or cities and act calmly!

### Information communication flowchart



\*Information about accident status and cautions are also to be published in newspapers.

### Communicating information to tourists and other temporary residents

Information about the nuclear accident will be communicated via television, radio, and the emergency municipal radio communication system, and visitors will be requested to return home as soon as possible.

In addition, information will be provided in multiple languages for the benefit of foreign nationals, and a system is being constructed to provide comprehensive consultation services for foreign nationals both at normal times and in emergencies.

### Where to obtain information

#### Websites

When trouble arises and during times of other emergency situations, emergency information, such as reports on the status of the nuclear facilities and the status of Tottori Prefecture's response measures, as well as messages to residents, will be posted on the Tottori Prefecture official website.

▶Tottori Prefecture's nuclear emergency preparedness website provides emergency preparedness information and information related to the nuclear emergency.

#### Tottori Prefecture's nuclear disaster prevention initiatives

- ·Nuclear safety advisory activities carried out by Tottori Prefecture
- ·Holding of nuclear emergency-related lectures
- ·Holding of nuclear emergency-related on-site study meetings (nuclear power station tours)
- ·Tottori Prefecture Regional Plan for Disaster Prevention (Nuclear **Emergency Preparedness Edition)**
- ·Wide-Area Residents Evacuation Plan
- ·Implementation of nuclear emergency drills

Results of air radiation measurements (monitoring)

Information related to the Shimane Nuclear Power Station

■Information related to the Ningyo Toge Environmental Engineering Center

Tottori Prefecture Nuclear Power

Search

Website address http://www.genshiryoku.pref.tottori.jp/

#### Tottori Prefecture Nuclear Emergency Preparedness App (for smartphones)

This app enables you to check monitoring information, evacuation testing station locations, traffic restrictions and road congestion information, gas station information, and various other useful information via your smartphone.

The app can be downloaded free of charge from the App Store or Google Play.









\*Image of start-up screen

App Store

Google Play

Tottori Prefecture Nuclear Power

Search

### **Anshin Toripy E-mail**

This is a service whereby disaster preparedness information for Tottori Prefecture is sent via e-mail to registered subscribers' mobile telephones and other internet-connected devices. Send an e-mail from your mobile telephone to the address shown below, then open the reply e-mail and carry out the registration procedures.

### e-tottori-safe@xpressmail.jp

#### Easy registration using QR code!

If your mobile telephone has a barcode-reading function, you can send an e-mail using the QR code



### Use of social media (SNS)

Information is also transmitted using social media, such as Twitter and Facebook.



#### Twitter:**@tottori bousai**

Tottori Prefecture Crisis Management Bureau Official

#### Facebook:@tottori.bousai

Tottori PrefectureCrisis Management BureauOfficial Account.

### Early warning (area) e-mail

This notification service sends e-mails simultaneously to all mobile telephone users within the relevant zone regarding disaster and evacuation information, tsunami warnings, and other highly urgent information.

When such messages are transmitted, an early warning (area) e-mail is sent to all mobile telephone and smartphone users within the relevant zone.

#### (Points to Note)

- When a message is received via this service, the mobile phone/smartphone alerts the user with a special warning notification sound that differs distinctly from the usual e-mail notification sounds, as well as vibrations and a screen message.
- The warning notification sound is audible even when the phone is on silent mode.
- Depending on the mobile telephone's model or settings, it may not be possible to receive this service.
- For details, please check the website of your mobile telephone provider.





### How do I evacuate indoors?

"Indoor evacuation" means staying inside your home in order to reduce the effects of exposure to radiation.

If residents are directed to evacuate indoors, please enter a building as quickly as possible, close the doors and windows, turn off air conditioners and ventilation fans, stay away from the windows, and otherwise avoid exposure to radiation. Wearing a mask over your nose and mouth is an effective method of protecting against radioactive substances.

### If an order to evacuation indoors is issued....

Stay calm and follow the instructions



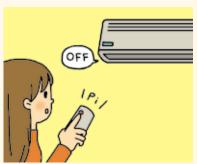
### 1 Go inside your home or another building

In order to avoid internal and external radiation exposure, people who are outside should go inside their homes or a nearby building.



#### ②As a rule, avoid going outdoors

In order to avoid unnecessary exposure to radiation, avoid going outside until you receive notification from the prefectures/cities that it is safe to go outside.



### 3 Close the doors and windows and turn off air conditioners

To prevent outside air from entering the building, close all the doors and windows, and turn off air conditioners, ventilation fans and any other device that allows external air to enter the building (air conditioners that do not draw in external air may be used).



#### Weatherstripping windows and doors is effective at keeping out radioactive substances

Weatherstripping air vents, windows, and window frame cracks is an effective way to prevent radioactive substances from entering the room through small openings and cracks.



### 5 Stay away from the windows while indoors

In order to reduce external radiation exposure caused by radiation coming from outside, keep away from windows as much as possible and stay in the center of rooms



#### 6 Change clothing, wash your hands, and gargle

After radioactive substances have been released, when you return home, remove your clothes and store them in a plastic bag separate from your other clothing and wash your hands, face and body thoroughly with soap and water.



### Cover food with lids or plastic wrap

To prevent contamination from radioactive substances, cover food with lids or plastic wrap. Also, when storing drinking water, pour water into PET bottles or other airtight container and seal.



### 8 Check accurate information

Pay attention to instructions from administrative agencies issued via television, radio, the nuclear emergency app, the internet, or the emergency municipal radio communication system.

### Indoor evacuation is an effective method of preventing radiation exposure.

When a nuclear emergency occurs, it is important to avoid or reduce the effects of radiation, and indoor evacuation is carried out as a protective measure.

Being outdoors will pose the risk of increased radiation exposure because of the radioactive substances being released from the nuclear power station and radioactive plumes (radioactive clouds). In addition to evacuating indoors as a preventative measure before radioactive substances are released, by evacuating indoors before the radiation decays when radioactive substances pass though or fall on ground surfaces or buildings, it is possible to reduce external and internal radiation exposure.

#### ▼Effects of indoor evacuation



### Buildings have airtight construction and a shielding effect.



It is possible for building walls and roofs to reduce the impact of radiation. Weatherstripping on the windows, doors, and other openings increases the building's airtightness, thereby preventing radioactive substances in the air from entering and reducing the amount of radioactive substances inhaled.

Effects of indoor evacuation	Internal radiation exposure due to inhalation	External radiation γ-rays entering from γ-rays from nuclides deposited in the surrounding environment	
Wooden house	Reduced by <b>75</b> %	Reduced by <b>60</b> %	Reduced by 10%
Concrete building	Reduced by <b>95</b> %	Reduced by 80%	Reduced by 40%

Source: "Calculating Radiation Exposure Amount and the Effects of Protective Measures in a Nuclear Emergency" (in Japanese

\*In general, concrete buildings block radiation more effectively than wooden ones. However, with regard to thyroid exposure, there is little difference in effectiveness due to building structure, and buildings with a high level of airtightness are more effective in blocking radiation.

\*Exposure to radiation is not reduced inside automobiles. (Radiation passes through vehicle frames and window glass, etc.)

### ▼Points to note regarding indoor evacuation

- ·Indoor evacuation may continue for several days. You should endeavor to stockpile food and drink on an everyday basis. Also, if long-term indoor evacuation is deemed necessary, protective measures may be switched from indoor evacuation to evacuation.
- \*In Tottori Prefecture, you are requested to stockpile enough food and drink to last for a minimum of three days.
- →Indoor evacuation will be lifted based on the results of radiation measurements.
- •In the event that the effects of a serious situation are assumed to impact an area outside the UPZ (zone within a radius of approx. 30 km from the nuclear power station), the Nuclear Regulation Authority may decide to expand the indoor evacuation area based on the status of nuclear power station facilities.
- ·If it is not possible for you to implement indoor evacuation in your own home, it is possible to evacuate to a designated concrete indoor evacuation facility. → Please refer to pp. 22–27 for a list of designated facilities.



### How should I evacuate?

Please act in accordance with evacuation instructions issued by the prefectural government and city administrations. In addition to evacuating using your own vehicle, you can go to the temporary assembly center and board a bus arranged by the prefectures and cities to evacuate.

Be sure to check which zones have been ordered to evacuate, your evacuation destination, and the time at which evacuation is to begin, and remain calm!

\*For evacuation facilities and temporary assembly centers for each district, please refer to pp. 22-27.

### If evacuation becomes necessary ...

stay calm and follow the instructions!



### 1 Obtain correct information

Prefectures and cities will convey evacuation directives and necessary measures via television, radio, the nuclear emergency app, the internet, the emergency municipal radio communication system, sound trucks, and other methods. Be sure to obtain correct information about how you should evacuate.



### Wear a plastic raincoat and hat

To prevent radioactive substances from adhering to your body, cover your skin surface by wearing a plastic raincoat with a hood, long-sleeved jacket, hat, and other protective clothing.



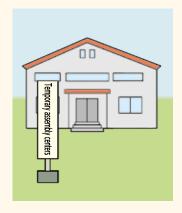
# 3 Prevent internal radiation exposure by wearing a mask

To avoid breathing in radioactive substances, wear a mask or cover your mouth and nose with a handkerchief or towel that has been dampened and thoroughly wrung out.



### Evacuate in your own car or by bus

If an evacuation is ordered, either evacuate in your own car or go to a temporary assembly center and board a bus provided by the prefecture or cities to evacuate. When evacuating, be sure to alert your neighbors to the evacuation as well



# 5 Evacuate indoors at the temporary assembly center

In order to prevent internal radiation exposure and external radiation exposure, be sure to remain indoors as much as possible at the temporary assembly center.



#### Set your vehicle's air conditioner to internal circulation

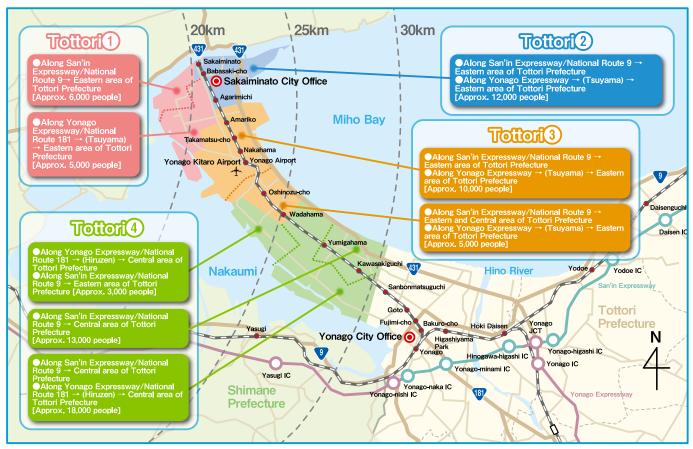
When evacuating, close vehicle windows to prevent radioactive substances from entering the vehicle. Also, either avoid using the air conditioner or switch the setting to internal circulation.

### Implementation of phased evacuations (when evacuation becomes necessary for all areas within a 30 km radius of the nuclear power station)

When evacuation becomes necessary for all areas within a 30 km radius of the nuclear power station, phased evacuation is to be carried out starting from those districts closest to the Shimane Nuclear Power Station in order to avoid traffic congestion.

Evacuation areas are to be divided into four zones (see the map below) and phased evacuations are to be carried out at five-hour intervals, thereby preventing traffic congestion, shortening the travel time (time spent in vehicles), and reducing the risk of radiation exposure.

Conducting simultaneous evacuations rather than phased evacuations lengthens the evacuation travel time (time spent in vehicles)



\*Based on the results of radiation measurements, evacuation directives may be issued for some districts and not others, so be sure to pay attention to the information provided by the prefectures and cities.

### Prioritizing evacuation for infants, expectant mothers, and other vulnerable persons

Early communication of evacuation arrangements, evacuation preparations, and protective measures such as priority boarding of evacuation buses will take place on a priority basis with priority given to infants, expectant mothers, and persons with disabilities, injuries, or hospitalized. When an evacuation occurs, substantial consideration will be given to the wellbeing and health of these priority evacuees. Please pay attention to the information provided by government authorities.



Tips for evacuation

### Evacuation of individuals with a hearing impairment or otherwise requiring support

People with hearing impairments or otherwise requiring support should go to the temporary assembly center together with a supporter (family member, neighbor, et al.) and follow the instructions provided by sign language interpreters for evacuating with other members of the local community. Also, the Anshin Toripy E-mail system communicates information in an easy-to-understand manner using universal signs (emergency level shown in background color of red, yellow, or blue).

### **Evacuation procedures for preschool and school students**

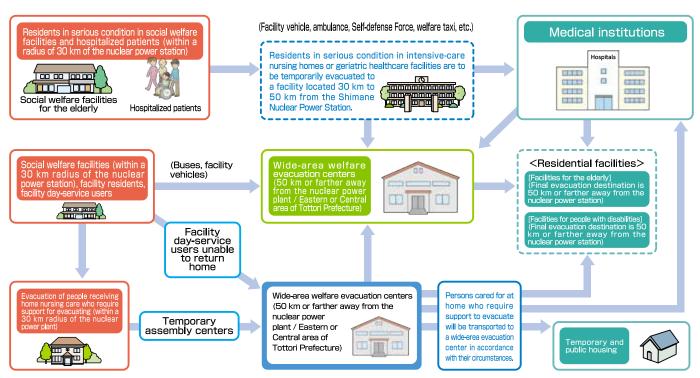
If an accident occurs at the nuclear power station and develops into a **Site Emergency (SE)**, kindergarten and school will immediately be cancelled and the safety of preschool and school students will be ensured through indoor evacuation and other measures. If the situation should deteriorate further and evacuation orders are issued before it is possible for the children to be collected by their parents/guardians, teachers are to take the children immediately to the evacuation center designated by the school from where the children are to be collected by their parents/guardians. Be sure to discuss and confirm what to do among family members if a nuclear emergency occurs.



### **Evacuation of social welfare facility residents**

Residents will be evacuated to a wide-area welfare evacuation center predetermined as the facility's evacuation destination, and then later evacuated to their final evacuation destination.

Residents in serious condition or who are hospitalized are to be evacuated after their evacuation method and destination have been confirmed in consideration of the physical burden on the patient.



- \*All facilities make preparations on an everyday basis, such as regularly checking emergency communication systems and stockpiling supplies.
- \*With regard to residents of social welfare facilities located outside a 30 km radius of the nuclear power station, as a general rule, indoor evacuation is implemented, but evacuation may be necessary in some cases.

### **Evacuation of tourists and other temporary residents**

Information about the nuclear power station accident will be communicated via emergency municipal radio communication systems and roadside information billboards, and visitors will be urged to return home as soon as possible. If it is not possible for visitors to return home before evacuations begin, they should go to the nearest temporary assembly center and evacuate together with local residents.

### **Evacuation of foreign nationals**

As with local residents, foreign nationals should go to the temporary assembly center and then evacuate to an evacuation center. With regard to nuclear emergency information, multilingual information services will be provided, and information will also be posted on the Tottori Prefecture official website in easy-to-understand simplified Japanese.



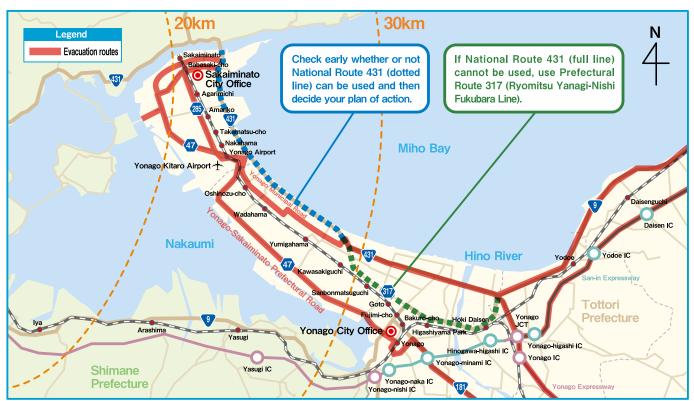
### Which roads should I take when evacuating?

On the Yumigahama Peninsula, please use the Yonago-Sakaiminato Prefectural Road (Prefectural Route 47) and the Yonago Airport-Sakaiminato Teishajo Line (Prefectural Route 285) to travel out of the UPZ. Also, to travel to the Eastern and Central areas of Tottori Prefecture, please use one of three routes: Route 1 (along San'in Expressway/National Route 9), Route 2 (along Yonago Expressway/National Route 181), or Route 3 (along Yonago Expressway-Chugoku Expressway).

When evacuating, be sure to comply with traffic controls and instructions from police officers at important road points!

### **Evacuation routes**

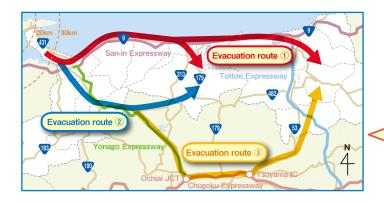
\*Depending on road conditions, you may be instructed to make a detour. Be sure to following the instructions of local police officers and other first responders on the scene.



\*Evacuation route multiplexing in the case of a complex disaster

There is a posibility that National Route 431 will be impacted by the occurrence of a tsunami. Be sure to check in advance whether or not this route can be used and then select your evacuation route from Prefectural Route 47, Prefectural Route 285, National Route 431, Yonago Municipal Road, and Prefectural Route 317.

#### Wide-area evacuation routes



Evacuation route

Along San'in Expressway/N ational Route 9

Evacuation route@

Along Yonago Expressway/National Route 181

Evacuation route 
Along Chugoku Expressway

Evacuations to evacuation destinations in the Eastern and Central areas of Tottori Prefecture are to be divided among Evacuation Routes 1–3.

Please refer to the List of Evacuation Destinations (pp. 22-27) to check evacuation routes and evacuation destinations.

Evacuation routes and destinations may change depending on the status of radioactive substance leakages.



### What is "stable iodine"?

Taking stable iodine has the effect of reducing the risk of thyroid cancer by preventing the accumulation of radioactive iodine that has entered the body in the thyroid gland.

Stable iodine is administered on the instructions of the national government or prefectures and cities based on the decision of the Nuclear Regulation Authority. Also, stable iodine is stockpiled at temporary assembly centers, schools, and residential welfare facilities to enable immediate distribution when necessary.

### **O**Purpose and effects

In the event of a nuclear emergency, radioactive substances, such as radioactive iodine and radioactive cesium, are released.

Of these, radioactive iodine that enters the body via breathing and foods/drinks accumulates in the thyroid gland in the throat, potentially causing thyroid cancer in the future.

Taking stable iodine prevents radioactive iodine that has entered the body from accumulating in the thyroid gland and prevents and ameliorates the effects of internal radiation exposure for a 24-hour period. The effect of this is to reduce the risk of developing thyroid cancer.



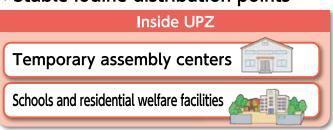
▲Stable iodine (pill and jelly)

However, stable iodine has no effect against external radiation exposure or internal radiation exposure from causes other than radioactive iodine. For this reason, major protective measures, such as early indoor evacuation and evacuation are of the utmost importance.

### **2**When and where should I take stable iodine?

- Stable iodine is administered on the instructions of the Nuclear Emergency Response Headquarters (Prime Minister) or prefectures and cities based on the decision of the Nuclear Regulation Authority. As a general rule, stable iodine is taken only once and is distributed at temporary assembly centers when a directive to administer the stable iodine is issued.
- Stable iodine is stockpiled at temporary assembly centers in Yonago City and Sakaiminato City, as well as at schools (enough for preschoolers and students in addition to local residents) and residential welfare facilities (enough for users).
- If you do not receive or take stable iodine at the temporary assembly center, it is also distributed at evacuation screening points so you can also take it at that time.

### Stable iodine distribution points



#### **Outside UPZ**

### Evacuation screening points \*Only distributed to evacuees who did

\*Only distributed to evacuees who did not receive stable iodine inside the UP7



For those living within the UPZ for whom it would be difficult to quickly go and get stable iodine from a temporary assembly center, you may receive it in advance by taking a medical interview and listening to a brief explanation at an annual information session. The dates for these sessions will be announced in city newsletters and through other forms of public information services.

### **3Dosage and Cautions**

Dosage is determined based on age. (Example: in the case of pills, one pill for elementary school students and two pills for junior high school students or older.) As a general rule, infants take the prescribed dosage in liquid or jelly form. It is extremely rare for serious side effects to result from taking stable iodine, but caution is required.

Those who cannot take stable iodine: Those who have a history of hypersensitivity to the ingredients of stable iodine or to iodine. Those who need to be especially careful when taking stable iodine (if you think any of the following may apply to you, please consult your family doctor): history of hypersensitivity to iodinated contrast agents, hyperthyroidism, hypothyroidism, renal dysfunction, hyperkalemia, congenital myotonia, history of hypocomplementemic urticarial vasculitis, pulmonary tuberculosis, history of Duhring's dermatitis herpetiformis

\*As a general rule, you may take stable iodine if you are aged under 40 years. (Expectant and nursing mothers may take stable iodine even if they are aged 40 years or older.)



### What kind of testing is evacuation screening?

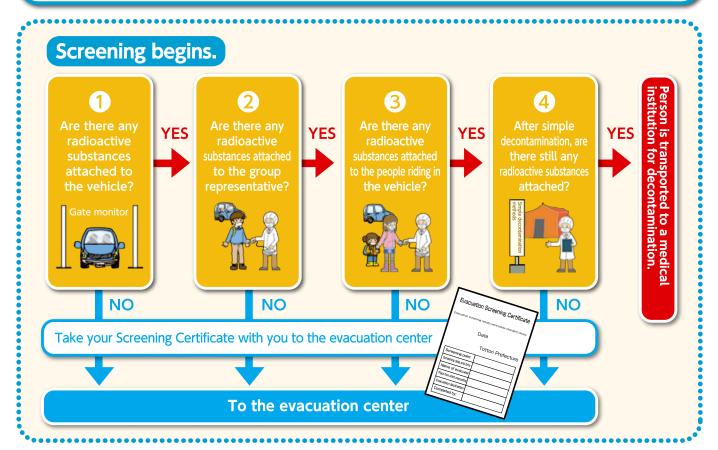
This screening process is carried out to determine whether or not there are any radioactive substances on the surface of a person's body. Screening is carried out in the order of testing the vehicle, testing an evacuee group representative, and testing all evacuees. Testing of representatives and individual evacuees concentrates on areas of the body where there is a high possibility that radioactive substances will adhere (head, face, hands, soles of shoes). Screening points will be set up along evacuation routes, so be sure to undergo screening and obtain a screening certificate!

It is a big relief for evacuees to receive confirmation that no radioactive substances have attached to their bodies during evacuation.



<sup>\*</sup>Evacuation screening points and evacuation routes for each district are already decided and listed on (pp. 22-27).

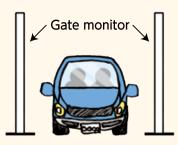
### **Evacuation screening procedures**



<sup>\*</sup>When you undergo screening, you will receive a screening certificate on which the results of your screening are recorded. You will need the screening certificate when you arrive at your evacuation center, so be sure to store it carefully.

<sup>\*</sup>At screening points there will be multilingual signs and illustrations displayed for the purpose of ameliorating the anxiety of people requiring special assistance such as foreign nationals, elderly people, and people with disabilities.

### Implementation of evacuation screening and simple decontamination



### Vehicle screening

Testing is carried out to determine whether or not there are radioactive substances attached to the surface of the vehicle.

\*When a vehicle passes through the gate monitor, it is possible to check whether or not there are radioactive substances attached to the vehicle.



### 2 Screening of residents riding in the vehicle (group representative)

A representative of the residents riding in the vehicle is tested on prescribed areas of the body (head, face, hands, and the soles of shoes). If there are radioactive substances attached to any of these areas, the entire surface of the representative's body is tested.



### Screening of all residents riding in the vehicle

If there are found to be radioactive substances attached to the surface of the group representative's body, all of the residents riding in the vehicle are then tested on the prescribed areas of their bodies (head, face, hands, and the soles of shoes). If there are radioactive substances attached to any of these areas, the entire surface of each person's body is tested.



# Simple decontaminati on and confirmation testing of each resident

Attached radioactive substances are wiped off using wet wipes or by washing with water.





### **5** Vehicle decontamination

If the vehicle inspection finds radioactive substances attached to the surface of the vehicle, the radioactive substances are washed off with water, and the vehicle is wiped dry.

\*When radioactive substances are being washed off with water, washing takes place inside a decontamination tent to ensure that the water does not splash or otherwise come in contact with the surrounding environment, and all the water used is collected.



### Traveling to evacuation centers

If it is confirmed through testing and simple decontamination that there are no radioactive substances on either the vehicle or its passengers, the passengers are provided with screening certificates and then travel to their evacuation center, etc.

#### **FAQ**

Q:Why are vehicles tested?

A:In general, more radioactive substances attach to vehicles, which are left outdoors, than to the bodies of residents who have been evacuating indoors. For this reason, vehicles are tested instead of residents.

Q: Is it OK to test only the representative of a group of residents?

A: In the case of a group of family members who have been evacuating indoors together, evacuating together in the family vehicle, or any group of residents who have been undertaking the same actions together, a group representative is first tested. (If there are found to be radioactive substances attached to the representative, all members of the group are tested.)

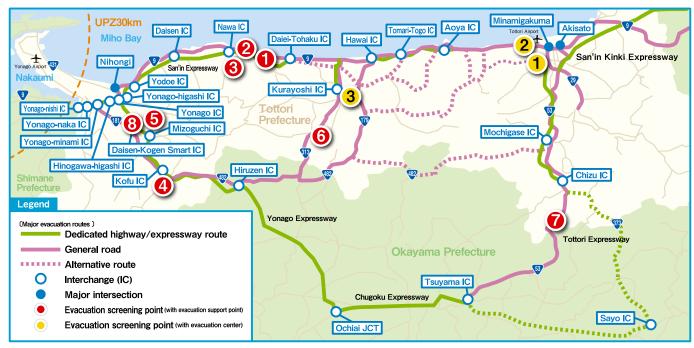
### What is decontamination?

Decontamination is the process of removing radioactive substances attached to the surface of a person's body (skin, clothing, etc.). It is possible to remove radioactive substances using a wet wipe. If the level of contamination is high and it is difficult for decontamination to be carried out effectively at the screening point, the person will be transported to a medical institution for decontamination.





### **Evacuation routes and evacuation screening points**



- •Evacuation screening is carried out at evacuation screening points along evacuation routes.
- ●Depending on the status of traffic congestion and road damage in the case of a complex emergency, evacuees may be required to make a detour or use a different evacuation route.
- ●Evacuation support points will be set up at evacuation screening points to provide evacuees with information (including traffic restriction information, evacuation center information, and gas station information) as well as supplies.

### **Evacuation screening points**

Catagory	Screenii	ng point	Notes
Category	Name	Address	Notes
	1 Tohaku Park Gymnasium	〒689-2356 560 Takoe, Kotoura-cho	
	2 Nakayama Farmers' Training Center	〒689-3112 1022-5 Shimogi, Daisen-cho	Evacuees (Evacuation Route 1)
	3 Nawa Farmers' Training Center	〒689-3212 1247-1 Nawa, Daisen-cho	
With an	4 Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	〒689-4413 62 Sugasaki, Kofu-cho	Evacuees
evacuation support point (on a major route)	6 Hoki-cho B&G Kaiyo Center	〒689-4102 1006-3 Ohara, Hoki-cho	(Evacuation Route 2 or 3)
(on a major route)	6 Kurayoshi Municipal Sekigane Facility for Promoting the Health of Farmers, Foresters, and Fishermen	〒682-0411 1560-18 Sekiganeshuku, Sekigane-cho, Kurayoshi City	
	Former Nagi Elementary School	〒689-1451 205 Ose, Chizu-cho	
	3 Daisen PA	〒689-4105 Kugo, Hoki-cho	Evacuation screenings jointly implemented with Shimane Prefecture
With evacuation	1 Fuse Sports Park Prefectural Gymnasium (Coca-Cola Bottlers Japan Sports Park)	⊤680-0944 146-1 Fuse, Tottori Prefecture	Evacuees who
center (Eastern and Central	2 Tottori Sand Dunes Conan Airport International Terminal	<b>〒680-0947</b> 110-5 Nishi 4-chome, Koyama-cho, Tottori City	were unable to undergo
areas of Tottori Prefecture)	3 Kurayoshi Sports and Cultural Hall	〒682-0023 529-2 Yamane, Kurayoshi City	screening
With health center	Tottori Municipal Health Center	<b>〒680-0845</b> Sazanka Hall 2F, 2-104-2 Tomiyasu, Tottori City	
*The Yonago Health Center will be set up immediately; the Tottori Municipal Health Center and Kurayoshi Health	Kurayoshi Health Center	〒682-0802 2 Higashiiwaki-cho, Kurayoshi City	Persons wishing to be screened
Center will be set up within 20 hours of an evacuation directive being issued.	Yonago Health Center	<b>〒683-0802</b> 1-1-45 Higashi-Fukubara, Yonago City	

Source: Health Policy Division, Tottori Prefecture



# What happens with the healthcare system when a nuclear emergency occurs?

Measures are in place to ensure that healthcare continues to be available even in the event of a nuclear emergency.

Sixteen medical institutions in Tottori Prefecture are designated as medical institutions for nuclear emergencies. In addition, a system is in place to provide appropriate treatment for patients who have or may have been exposed to radiation through collaboration with the Center for Advanced Radiation Emergency Medicine and the Nuclear Emergency Medical Support Center.

### Medical institutions for nuclear emergencies

#### Core hospitals for nuclear emergencies (2)

•In a nuclear emergency, these hospitals accept people who are sick or injured whether or not they have been exposed to radioactive substances and provide appropriate treatment to those who have been exposed.

Tottori University Hospital, Tottori Prefectural Central Hospital

#### Cooperative medical institutions for nuclear emergencies (14)

These hospitals measure levels of contamination by radioactive substances at the time of the initial or emergency examination of an injured/sick patient who has been exposed to radiation

Western area of Tottori Prefecture: Saiseikai Sakaiminato Sogo Hospital, Hakuai Hospital, Sanin Rosai Hospital, Yonago Medical Center, Saihaku Hospital, Hino Hospital, Nichinan Hospital
Central area of Tottori Prefecture: Tottori Prefectural Kosei Hospital, Nojima Hospital, Shimizu Hospital

Eastern area of Tottori Prefecture: Japanese Red Cross Tottori Hospital, Tottori Municipal Hospital, Iwami Hospital, Chizu Hospital

#### Center for Advanced Radiation Emergency Medicine, Nuclear Emergency Medical Support Center

- Provides advanced specialized treatment that cannot be provided by core hospitals for nuclear emergencies
- Organizes support for core hospitals during nuclear emergencies, as well as organizes and dispatches medical teams for nuclear emergencies.

Hiroshima University

### Map of locations of medical institutions





# Where is radiation measured?

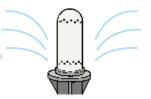
Environmental radiation is measured regularly under normal conditions, but in the event of a nuclear emergency, the scope and frequency are greatly intensified in order to provide data for determining whether or not to order an evacuation, restrict food and drink consumption, or impliment other appropriate protective measures.

Measurement data is made available to the general public via Tottori Prefecture's official website and the nuclear emergency app.

### **Environmental radiation measurement (monitoring) system**

Continuous measurement using monitoring posts

Even under normal conditions, air radiation is monitored on a 24-hour basis.



The process of observing and measuring radiation levels regularly or continuously is called "monitoring", and the devices set up in the vicinity of a nuclear power station for the purpose of monitoring radiation levels are called "monitoring posts".

### Monitoring of agricultural and marine products

Radiation levels in rice, vegetables (white leeks, daikon radish), tree leaves, fish, and shellfish are measured.



### Monitoring of the water supply

Radiation levels in the water supply (raw water and tap water) are measured.



### Monitoring of soil

Radiation levels of the soil in parks and other general areas are measured.

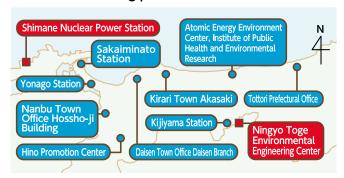


### Monitoring of fallout and airborne dust.

Radiation levels in rain and airborne dust are measured



▼Locations of radiation monitoring posts in Tottori Prefecture. (Fixed monitoring posts)



### Portable monitoring posts



For detailed measurement information, please see Tottori Prefecture's official website.

Tottori Prefecture Environmental Radiation Monitoring System

http://monitoring.pref.tottori.lg.jp/

Nuclear Regulation Authority (Radiation Monitoring Information)

https://radioactivity.nsr.go.jp/map/ja/



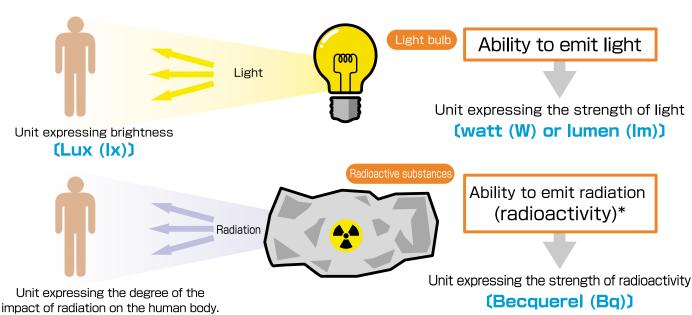


### Basic knowledge about radiation

The way to protect yourself from radiation is to stay away from radioactive substances (distance), block radiation (shielding), and shorten the length of time you are exposed to radiation (time).

### Radioactivity, radiation, and radioactive substances

Comparing radioactive substances to a light bulb, the strength of radiation (vector) can be likened to the strength of the light from a light bulb (watt). When the radiation emitted by radioactive substances enters a person's body, the impact on the body (sievert) is equivalent to the brightness of the light bulb (lux).



<sup>\*</sup>This unit is also used to indicate substances that are radioactive (radioactive substances).

### Units for radioactivity and radiation

#### ▼Becquerel (Bq): Unit expressing the strength of radioactivity

(Sievert (Sv))

Some atoms have an unstable nature whereby the nucleus is not well balanced and breaks down easily. Such atoms are called "radioactive substances". One becquerel shows the activity of an amount of radioactive material in which one nucleus breaks down per second (thereby releasing radiation).

### ▼Sievert (Sv): unit expressing the impact of radiation on the human body

This unit shows the degree of impact on the human body when exposed to radiation. When identical values are obtained after calculations using this unit, the degree of impact on the human body is the same regardless of whether the source of radiation is natural radiation or artificial radiation or from external radiation exposure or internal radiation exposure.

### ▼Gray (Gy): unit expressing the amount of energy absorbed by the human body and inanimate objects.

This unit expresses the amount of energy absorbed by the human body and inanimate objects when exposed to radiation.

\*In the case of a nuclear emergency, 1 mGy = 1 mSv.

#### ▼ Relationships with prefixed units (milli-, micro-, nano-)

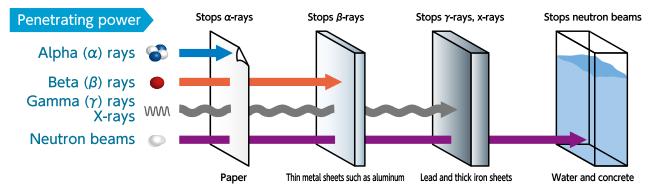
Exponent of 10	Symbol	Pronunciation	Numerals	English
10 <sup>0</sup>			1	
10 <sup>-3</sup>	m	Milli	0.001	1/1,000
10 <sup>-6</sup>	μ	Micro	0.000001	1/1,000,000
10 <sup>-9</sup>	n	Nano	0.000000001	1/1,000,000,000

### Types and penetrating power of radiation

There are three different types of radiation (radioactive rays): alpha ( $\alpha$ ), beta ( $\beta$ ), and gamma ( $\gamma$ ). Radiation has the ability to penetrate and pass though substances, but the degree to which the radiation is able to do this differs according to the type of radiation.

Radiation has the ability to penetrate and pass through various substances.

### ▼Types and penetrating power of radiation

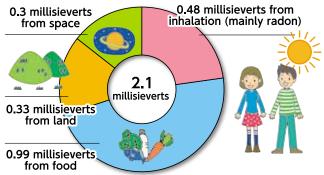


 $\alpha$ -rays: helium atomic nucleus  $\beta$ -rays: electrically charged particles  $\gamma$ -rays/x-rays: electromagnetic waves neutron beams: non-electrically charged particles (neutrons)

### Radiation in everyday life

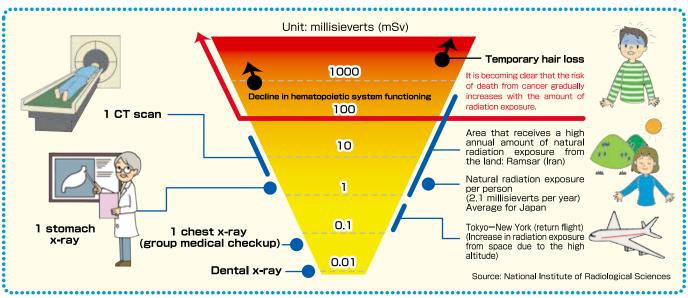
In our everyday lives, we are constantly exposed to radiation from the world of nature. We are exposed to radiation from the land and from space; radiation can also be found in the air and in our food. These types of radiation are called "natural radiation". We are also exposed to radiation when undergoing medical examinations or treatments (x-rays, etc.), and this radiation is called "artificial radiation". Natural radiation and artificial radiation are the same type of radiation and have the same properties.

#### ▼Annual exposure to natural radiation (per person)



Source: National Institute of Radiological Sciences

#### ▼Radiation exposure from the surroundings





### List of evacuation destinations

### **Sakaiminato City**

\*For Evacuation Routes please refer to p. 13.
\*Because of the results of radioactive substance measurements and factors, such as the situation at your evacuation destination, the evacuations routes, evacuation destinations, and order of districts being evacuated may change.
\*Temporary assembly centers that are shown in red (underlined) are concrete indoor evacuation facilities. If you are unable to evacuate indoors in your own home, it is possible for you to evacuate indoors in these facilities.

Name of	,	Z EV	Temporary	Z E K		Evacuation destina	ation																
elementary school district	Name of neighborhood	Evacuation zone	assembly centers	Evacuation routes	Evacuation screening points	Name of facility	Telephone number	Name of city/ town															
	Tonoe District 4					Nisshin Elementary School	0857-23-3371																
	Tonoe District 5					Nisshin District Community Center	0857-23-3960																
	Torice district 5					Tottori City Culture Center	0857-27-5181	1															
		1				Human Rights and Exchange Plaza (Central Human Rights and Welfare Center)	0857-24-8241	1															
	Tonoe District 6					Meitoku Elementary School	0857-23-5661	1															
	Tonoe District 7					Meitoku District Community Center	0857-23-0988	1															
			<u>Tonoe</u>	1	Nakayama Farmers' Training	Fuso District Community Center	0857-27-4585	1															
		1	<u>Elementary</u> School		Center	Fuso Elementary School	0857-22-4239	1															
	Tonoe District 8		CONCOL			Fuso Gymnasium	0857-27-4585	1															
	Tonoe District 9					Johoku Gymnasium	0857-20-3373	1															
	West Industrial Park					Johoku Elementary School	0857-23-0381	1															
						Nakanogo Gymnasium	0857-21-5393	1															
	Tonoe District 10					Nakanogo Elementary School	0857-26-3536	1 🚚															
Tonoe		Tottori	Dai San Junior			Minami Junior High School	0857-22-3617	Tottori C															
District	Tonoe District 12		High School			Miho Elementary School	0857-22-4939	<u>   </u>															
		$\Theta$				Nakanogo District Community Center	0857-21-5393	<del>[j</del>															
					Nie - E	Inabayama Elementary School	0857-22-8511	`															
	Tonoe District 3		Tonoe	1	Nawa Farmers' Training Center	Inabayama District Community Center/Inabayama Gymnasium	0857-24-2542																
			Community		Training Conton	Miho District Community Center	0857-26-3981	1															
			<u>Center</u>			Higashi Junior High School	0857-22-3017	1															
	Tonoe District 11																		Iwakura Gymnasium	0857-22-5621			
										Tottori Industrial Gymnasium	0857-24-2815	-											
	Shiba-cho					Johoku District Community Center	0857-26-3997																
						Iwakura District Community Center	0857-22-5621																
			Civic	1	Tohaku Park	Iwakura Elementary School	0857-27-8101	1															
	Shimizu-cho		Gymnasium		Gymnasium	Miho Minami Elementary School	0857-53-4454	1															
																Miho Minami District Community Center	0857-53-4798						
								Miho Minami Gymnasium	0857-53-4798	1													
											$\vdash$								Dai San Junior		Hoki-cho B&G	Tottori Budokan	0857-26-8038
	Watari District 1		High School				Kaiyo Center	Kyusho Elementary School	0857-23-3401														
	Watari District 2		Watari Elementary						Tottori City Education Center	0857-36-6060													
											Kyusho District Community Hall	0857-23-4148											
	Watari District 3										Kofu Municipal	Junpu District Community Center	0857-26-2568	1									
	Watari District 4		<u>School</u>		Gymnasium	Shuritsu District Community Center	0857-26-5914	1															
						Tottori City Education Center	0857-36-6060	1															
	Watari District 5		Watari					1															
	Watari District 6		Community		Kofu Municipal Gymnasium		0057.01.0700	_															
	Watari District 7	유	<u>Center</u>	3	Gyrririasium	Tottori Prefectural Citizen's Culture Hall	0857-21-8700	ot															
Watari	Watari District 16	Tottori	Dai San Junior		Hoki-cho B&G			G.															
District	Watari District 8	  ⊗	High School		Kaiyo Center			Tottori City															
	Watari District 11		<u>Watari</u>		Kofu Municipal	Tottori Higashi High School	0857-22-8495	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \															
	Watari District 14		Elementary School  Dai San Junior	Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	Nishi Junior High School	0857-23-3341																	
	Watari District 15																						
	Watari District 18				Hoki-cho B&G	Senkyo Elementary School	0857-22-4539																
	Watari District 19		High School	High School Kai		Senkyo District Community Center	0857-27-8562																
	Morioka-cho (Higashi-Morioka)		Watari Elementary School	3	Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	Junpu Elementary School	0857-22-7271																
	Morioka-cho (Nishi-Morioka)		Dai San Junior High School		Hoki-cho B&G Kaiyo Center	Kita Junior High School	0857-22-3417																
	Nakaumi reclaimed land		-		-	-	_																

Name of		z Eva	Temporary	Z EV		Evacuation destina	ation									
elementary school district	Name of neighborhood	Evacuation zone	assembly centers	Evacuation routes	Evacuation screening points	Name of facility	Telephone number	Name of city/ town								
						Aoya-cho Gymnasium	_	J								
Watari	2-chome, Yuhigaoka	7	Yuhigaoka Ni-Chome	(1)	Tohaku Park	Aoya-cho Training Center for Farmers, Foresters, and Fishermen	0857-85-2359	₫								
District	Turligauka	Tottori	Meeting Hall		Gymnasium	Aoya-cho Community Center (Multipurpose Hall)	0857-85-1141	Tottori City								
						Aoya District Community Center	0857-37-7420	2								
	Yayoi-cho	$\Theta$		(1)	Nawa Farmers'	Omokage Elementary School	0857-22-4502									
		_	Civic	Ľ	Training Center	Sakuragaoka Junior High School	0857-22-8301									
	.,		Gymnasium			Omokage District Community Center	0857-24-9033	-								
	Yonegawa-cho				Nakayama	Kurata Gymnasium	0857-53-2259	-								
		ŀ		1	Farmers' Training	Kurata Elementary School	0857-53-1042	-								
	Dahasakiaha		Sakai High		Center	Kozan Junior High School	0857-53-0600	-								
	Babasaki-cho		School			Miwa Elementary School	0857-53-2355	-								
		ł				Taisho District Community Center	0857-53-0600 0857-24-0604	-								
	Taisho-machi					Toyomi Gymnasium Toyomi District Community Center	0857-24-0604	-								
	Meiji-machi					Fuse Sports Park	0857-24-0004	-								
	Kyo-machi	ł				Miho District Community Center	0857-53-0173	-								
	Ei-machi	ł	<u>Sakai</u>		Nawa Farmers'	Taisho Elementary School	0857-22-2739	-								
	Minato-machi	ł	<u>Elementary</u> School		Training Center	Fuse Sports Park	0857-28-7220	-								
	Hinode-machi	ł	<u>OCHOOI</u>			Taisho Gymnasium		<del> </del>								
Cokoi	Hon-machi					Yamato District Community Center	0857-53-0404	Tottori City								
Sakai District	Aioi-cho			1		Yamato Gymnasium	0857-53-0404	말.								
	Suehiro-cho	1				Fuse Sports Park	0857-28-7220	달								
	Sueriii U-CHU		<u>Sakai</u>			Togo Gymnasium	0857-53-0456									
	Moto-machi		Community		Nakayama Farmers' Training	Togo District Community Center	0857-53-0456	1								
	IVIOTO-ITIACITI	<u>Center</u>	<u>Center</u>			Togo Elementary School	0857-53-2542									
	Hamano-cho		Dai Ni Civic	Dai Ni Civic Gymnasiumum	Center		0857-57-0021									
	Hasuike-cho		Gymnasiumum		m		Konan Gakuen Osato Community Hall (Konan District Community Center Annex, Konan Gymnasium)	0857-54-0226								
	Matsugae-cho	유	Sakai Elementary School Nawa Farmers' Training	Nawa Farmers' Training Center	Matsuho Gymnasium	0857-28-1192	1									
	Naka-machi	Tottori	Sakai Community Center		Nakayama Farmers' Training Center	Fuse Sports Park	0857-28-7220	1								
	Higashi Hon-machi Asahi-machi Nyusen-cho Shinonome-cho	2				(Former) Konan Junior High School	0857-57-0014	1								
			Dai Ichi Junior High School				Kando District Community Center	0857-55-0001	1							
					Dai Ichi Junior High School			Kando Elementary School	0857-55-0007	1						
		1				3	Hoki-cho B&G Kaiyo Center	Takakusa Junior High School	0857-22-4455	1						
	Hana-machi		<u>- 11311 SOLISSI</u>	<u>1001</u>		Raiyo ocirici	Seiki Elementary School	0857-23-0197								
	Misaki-cho													Meiji Elementary School	0857-56-0001	
	Showa-machi					Meiji District Community Center	0857-56-0005									
	Agarimichi District 1		<u>Agarimichi</u>			Koyamanishi Gymnasium	0857-31-3581									
	Agarimichi District 2		Elementary School			Tottori Prefectural School of Commerce	0857-28-0156									
			Cakai High			Karo Elementary School	0857-28-1005									
	Agarimichi District 7		Sakai High School			Karo District Community Center	0857-28-1034									
						Kaiyo-no-le Gymnasium	_									
A garimiahi	Agarimichi District 3		Agarimichi		Tohaku Park	Koyama Elementary School	0857-28-1020	Tottori								
Agarimichi District			Elementary School	1	Gymnasium	Koyama District Community Center	0857-28-1017	말.								
	Agarimichi District 4	ŀ	Sakai High School			Tottori Koryo High School	0857-28-0250	City								
	Agarimichi District 5		Dai Ichi Junior			Tottori Ryokufu High School	0857-37-3100	`								
	Agarimichi District 8		High School			Koto Junior High School	0857-28-1064	- 1								
		ŀ		-		Koyama Gymnasium	0857-28-1017	-								
	Agarimichi District 6		Agarimichi			Suetsune District Community Center	0857-59-1147	- 1								
			Community Center			Suetsune Elementary School	0857-59-0321									
	Nakano District 1					Chiyomi Gymnasium Hamasaka Elementary School	0857-27-4813 0857-27-0833	-								
	Nakano District 2	1	Sakai High			Tottori Technical High School	0857-27-0833	Tottori City								
Amariko		1	School	3	Kofu Municipal	Chiyomi District Community Center	0857-27-4813									
District			Civic Gymnasium		Gymnasium	Hamasaka Gymnasium	0857-27-0711									
	Nakano District 3		Oymnasium			Hamasaka District Community Center	0857-27-0711	🗗								
						Yonesato Gymnasium	0857-51-8128									
						ssats symmostam	200. 01 0120									

Name of		ZO EV	Temporary			Evacuation destina	ation	
elementary school district	Name of neighborhood	Evacuation zone	assembly centers	Evacuation routes	Evacuation screening points	Name of facility	Telephone number	Name of city/ town
	Nakano District 4		Sakai High School			Tsunoi Elementary School Tsunoi Gymnasium	0857-51-8136 0857-51-8253	
	Nakano District 5 Nakano District 6		Civic Gymnasium	3	Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	Nakanogo Junior High School Yonesato Elementary School	0857-24-2531 0857-51-8038	
		Tottori				Wakabadai Elementary School  Yonesato District Community Center	0857-52-7200 0857-51-8128	-
	Fukusada-cho	8	Sakaiminato Comprehensive	3	Hoki-cho B&G	Tsunoi District Community Center Wakabadai District Community Center Wakabadai Gymnasium	0857-51-8253 0857-52-2616 0857-52-2616	-
			Technical School		Kaiyo Center	Okaya Gymnasium Seiki Gymnasium	0857-58-0809 0857-58-0806	
	Takenouchi					Kokufu-higashi Elementary School Tani District Community Center	0857-22-4872 0857-24-1636	7.
Amariko District	District 1		Amariko Elementary			Kokufu-cho Community Center Fukube Mirai Gakuen Junior High School Gymnasium Miyanoshita Elementary School	0857-29-4005 0857-75-2004 0857-22-6827	Tottori City
	Takenouchi District 2		Sakaiminato Comprehensive	1	Nawa Farmers'	Fukube Mirai Gakuen Elementary School Gymnasium Kawahara Daiichi Elementary School	0857-75-2004 0858-85-0550	₹ 
	Takenouchi District 3		Technical School  Dai Ni Junior High School		Training Center	Kokufu District Health Center Fukube-cho Community Center (Fukube District Community Center) Fukube-cho Gymnasium	0857-39-0556 0857-75-2030 0857-75-2030	
	Takenouchi District 4					Kokufu Junior High School Aoba District Community Center (Kokufu-cho Land Readjustment Museum)	0857-27-5261 0857-24-0417	
	Miho-cho Takenouchi Housing Complex	Amariko Community Center  Former Seido Elementary School  Seido Community Center	Community Center  Former Seido Elementary		Hoki-cho B&G	Kawahara-cho Community Center Kawahara District Community Center Kunifusa District Community Center	0858-76-3123 0858-85-2959 0858-85-0448	
	Takamatsu-cho			3	Kaiyo Center	Kawahara-cho Sogo Gymnasium Yakami District Community Center Kawahara Junior High School	0858-85-0666 0858-85-2951 0858-85-0604	
	Seido District 2 Seido District 3		Community			lwami Kita Elementary School Gymnasium	0857-72-0266	-
Seido District	Seido District 1 Seido District 19 Seido District 6		Former Seido	1	Tohaku Park Gymnasium	Iwami Junior High School Gymnasium	0857-72-0121	wami-c
	Seido District 7 Seido (Yugao)	Tottori	<u>Elementary</u> <u>School</u>			Chuo Community Center  Iwami High School (gymnasium)	0857-72-0510 0857-72-0474	- ₽
	Sangenya-cho	3	Sangenya-cho Community Hall	1	Nakayama Farmers' Training Center	lwami Nishi Elementary School Gymnasium Ajiro Community Center Oiwa Koryu Center Issun-Boshi no Yakata	0857-72-8200 0857-72-3564 0857-72-0096 0857-76-0636	
	1-chome, Yuhigaoka		Yuhigaoka 1-chome Meeting Hall			Iwami-cho Civic Gymnasium Higashi Community Center Tajiri Community Center Chuo Community Center	0857-72-0510 0857-72-8063 0857-72-0127 0857-72-0510	lwami-cho
	Mugikaki-cho		Nakahama		Katu Municipal	Iwami Minami Elementary School Iwami-cho Culture Center	0857-37-5222 0857-72-1931	
Nakahama District	Niiya-cho		Elementary School	3	Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	Koge Nishi Elementary School Gymnasium Koge Health Center	0858-73-0031 0858-72-3566	
	Koshinozu-cho		Nakahama Elementary School Yuhigaoka 1-chome Meeting Hall			Yazu Junior High School Gymnasium  Hatto Health Center  Former Tanpi Elementary School  Hatto Elementary School  (Former Hatto Junior High School)  Hatto Sports and Culture Center	0858-72-0020 0858-84-2361 — 0858-71-0108 0858-84-1232	Yazu-cho
	Sainoki-cho Sainokami-cho		Nakahama Community Center	ihama	Center	Yazu High School	0858-72-0022	tho
	Kojin-cho		Kojin Gymnasium	3	Hoki-cho B&G Kaiyo Center	Funaoka Health Center Funaoka Elementary School Funaoka Training Center	0858-73-0672 0858-72-0151 0858-73-0621	

Source: Sakaiminato City

### Yonago City

\*For Evacuation Routes please refer to p. 13.
\*Because of the results of radioactive substance measurements and factors, such as the situation at your evacuation destination, the evacuations routes, evacuation destinations, and order of districts being evacuated may change.
\*Temporary assembly centers that are shown in red (underlined) are concrete indoor evacuation facilities. If you are unable to evacuate indoors in your own home, it is possible for you to evacuate indoors in these facilities.

Name of	Name of	Evac	Temporary	Fvai	Evacuation	Evacuation destina	ation								
elementary school district	neighborhood	Evacuation zone	assembly centers	Evacuation routes	screening points	Name of facility	Telephone number	Name of city/ town							
	Misaki and					Hogi Elementary School	0857-82-0803								
	Kamiguchi		<u>Oshinozu</u>			Mizuho Elementary School	0857-82-0361	     = =							
Oshinozu	Tatehara		Community Center			Osaka Elementary School	0857-84-2026	1 ét d							
Community	Seiwa, Mihogaoka,	Tottori	Oshinozu	(1)	Nakayama Farmers' Training	Ketaka-cho Community Center (Hamamura District Community Center)	0857-82-1411	Tottori City (Ketaka-cho)							
Center District	and Asahigaoka		Elementary School		Center	Ketaka-cho Farmer Training Center	0857-82-3434	ૄૺ૿ૡૼ							
(Oshinozu-cho)	District 1 and 2	ω	Miho Junior			Hamamura Elementary School	0857-82-0720								
	Yamaguchi, Nadaguchi, and		High School			Shikano Gakuen Ryushagawa Gakusha	0857-84-1100	Tottori City (Shikano-cho)							
	Nadahama Nadahama					Shikano-cho Farmer Training Center	0857-84-2131	i City							
	Sakitsu Districts 1, 2			1	Nawa Farmers' Training Center	Aoya High School	0857-85-0511	Tottori City (Aoyacho)							
Sakitsu Community	Sakitsu		<u>Sakitsu</u>			Kurayoshi Municipal Sports Center	0858-22-5674								
Center District	Districts 3, 4, 5	ᅙ	Community Center			Kurayoshi Budokan	0858-22-5674								
(Yoshizu, Osaki,	Sakitsu District 6	Tottori	Sakitsu			Kurayoshi Nishi Junior High School	0858-28-2841	Kurayoshi City							
Oshinozu-cho, Hikona-cho,	Sakitsu District 6	<u></u>	Elementary School	2	Hoki-cho B&G Kaiyo Center	Ogamo Community Center	0858-28-0964	/osh							
part of Tomimasu-cho)	Sakitsu District 7	3	Miho Junior			Kurayoshi Nishi High School	0858-28-1811	] []							
, ,	Sakitsu District 8		ict 8	High School			Kamiogamo Elementary School	0858-28-0954	] ₹						
	Sakitsu District 9					Meirin Community Center	0858-22-0642								
	Sakitsu District 10							Kamiogamo Community Center	0858-28-0953						
	Wada Districts		Wada Community Center Wada		Kurayoshi Mirai Chushin	0858-23-5390									
Wada Community	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,	[ 5				Kurayoshi Koryu Plaza	0858-47-1183	ıray							
Center	7, 8	<u> </u>		①	Kurayoshi Cultural Activities Center	0858-23-6095	lso/								
District (Wada-machi)	Wada District 9	ω	Elementary		Gyrririasiurri	Kurayoshi Higashi Junior High School	0858-22-6295	Kurayoshi City							
	Wada District 11		School			Uwanada Elementary School	0858-22-4772	< 7							
						Hawai Aloha Hall	0858-35-5678								
	Kawakami													Health and Welfare Center Tsuwabuki-so	0858-34-6002
						Hawai Nishi Community Facility		-							
	Minamiguchi		<u>Tomimasu</u>			Hawai Gymnasium	_								
	Kamibu		Community			Former Hokumei Junior High School	0858-35-5362								
Tomimasu			<u>Center</u>			Hawai Elementary School	0858-47-5801	Ĭ							
Community Center	Nishi Shinden		Yumigahama Junior High	1	Nawa Farmers'	Hawai Training Center	_	Yurihama-cho							
District	Kaminaka		School		Training Center	Tomari Elementary School	0858-34-2692								
(Tomimasu-cho)			Yumigahama			Tomari Gymnasium	_								
	Nakamura	Tottori	Elementary School			Togo Elementary School	0858-48-6700								
	Shimonaka	<u>S</u> .				Former Togo Junior High School	0858-35-5362								
	Nishinaka and Kitaguchi	4				Togoko-Hawai Seaside Park	0858-32-2231								
	Kamishinden					Yurihama-cho Cultural Center	0858-32-0963								
	Shimoshinden					Yurihama Town Office Auditorium	0858-35-3111	1.0							
	Hikona District 1				Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	Misasa-cho Sports Center	0858-43-2266	Misasa- cho							
1.09	Hikona District 2		<u>Hikona</u>		Hoki-cho B&G	Kurayoshi Nogyo High School	0858-28-1341	Kurayoshi City							
Hikona Community	Hikona District 3		Community Center		Kaiyo Center	Takashiro Community Center	0858-28-0950								
Center District	Hikona District 4		Hikona	2	Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	Misasa-cho Cultural Hall	0858-43-3512	Misasa- cho							
(Hikona-cho)	Hikona District 5		Elementary		Hoki-cho B&G	Takashiro Elementary School	0858-28-0961	Kurayoshi City							
	Hikona Districts 6, 7		School		Kaiyo Center	Kurayoshi Sogo Sangyo High School	0858-26-2851	) idso.							
						Agei Community Center	0858-26-1736	₹							

Name of		Z EV	Temporary	2 5 5		Evacuation destina	ation										
elementary school district	Name of neighborhood	Evacuation zone	assembly centers	Evacuation routes	Evacuation screening points	Name of facility	Telephone number	Name of city/ town									
	Hikona District 8		Kume Junior High School	Kuma Juniar High Cahaal	0858-28-1241												
	Hikona District 9							Ruffle Juliioi Filgri Scriooi	_								
	Hikona District 9-1				Hoki-cho B&G	Nadate Elementary School	0858-22-5404	ауо									
Hikona	Hikona District 10	1 4	<u>Hikona</u>		Kaiyo Center	Kahoku Junior High School	0858-26-1341	Kurayoshi City									
Community	Hikona District 11	Tottori	Community Center			Kahoku Elementary School	0858-26-1630	City									
District	Hikona District 12		Hikona	2	<u>'</u>	Kitadani Elementary School	0858-28-0962										
(Hikona-cho)		4	Elementary School			Blancart Misasa	0858-43-2211	2									
	Hikona Districts		SCHOOL		Kofu Municipal	Takeda Civic Gymnasium	0858-44-2535	Misasa-cho									
	13, 14				Gymnasium	Training Center for Farmers, Foresters, and Fishermen	_	Sa-C									
						Misasa Junior High School Dormitory	0858-43-0003	0									
	.,					Hojo Elementary School Gymnasium	0858-36-2063	ᆼ									
	Yomi District 1					Hojo Junior High School Gymnasium	0858-36-4800	Hokuei- cho									
						Lifelong Learning Center	0858-52-1111										
	Yomi District 2					Yabase Elementary School	0858-52-2950	1									
						Urayasu Elementary School Gymnasium	0858-52-2404										
Yomi			<u>Yomi</u>			Akasaki Elementary School Gymnasium	0858-55-0506	1_									
Community Center		Tottori	Community Center	1	Nakayama Farmers' Training	Senjo Elementary School Gymnasium		ļ ģ									
District (Yomi-cho)	Yomi District 3	Yomi District 3	Yomi District 3	Yomi District 3	Yomi District 3	Yomi District 3	t Vanni Biatolat O	Yomi District 3	ri 4	Yumigahama		Center	Former Yasuda Elementary School Gymnasium	_	잍		
(TOTTII OTIO)		🛡	Elementary			Former Isai Elementary School Gymnasium	_	Kotoura-cho									
			School			Akasaki Junior High School Gymnasium	0858-55-0002										
	Yomi District 4				Tohaku Culture Center	0858-52-2773											
	Yomi District 5					Former Konosho Elementary School	_	1									
	Yomi District 6					Tohaku Junior High School Gymnasium	0858-52-2326	1									
	Hamahashi								Hojo Fureai Community Hall	_	<b>T</b>						
	Otate Yonkenya			1	Tohaku Park Gymnasium	Tottori Chuo Ikuei High School	0858-37-3211	Hokuei-c									
	Obayama	1				Daiei Junior High School Gymnasium	0858-37-2024	늉									
	Shibatani	1	(										2	Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	Kamogawa Junior High School	0858-45-2555	Kurayoshi City
Kawasaki	Kawasaki Housing Complex East	궁	<u>Kawasaki</u>	1	Tohaku Park Gymnasium	Daiei Elementary School Gymnasium	0858-37-2041	Hokuei- cho									
Community Center		Tottori	Community Center		Kofu Municipal	Former Yamamori Elementary School	_	Q E									
District (Kawasaki)	Kawasaki Housing Complex West	<u>``</u>	  Kawasaki	2	Gymnasium	Sekigane Elementary School	0858-45-2556	Kurayoshi City									
(riamaca.ii)			Elementary School		Tohaku Park	Daiei Gymnasium	0858-37-2137	급									
	Kawasaki-Minami		0011001	1	Gymnasium	Daiei Fureai Community Hall	0858-37-4620	Hokuei- cho									
						Kamihojo Elementary School	0858-26-6355										
	Kawasaki-Shinden			2	Kofu Municipal	Saigo Elementary School	0858-85-0807	Kurayoshi City									
	Kawasaki Green Heights	1			Gymnasium	Hoki Shiawase no Sato	0858-26-5581	oshi									
						Narumi Community Center	0858-55-2316										
						Yasuda Community Center	0858-55-1848	Kotoura-cho									
Sumiyoshi	Hatagasaki		Sumiyoshi Community	1	Nawa Farmers'	Isai Community Center	0858-55-7550										
Community	District 3 South	7	Community (1) Center	Training Center	Akasaki Workers' Sports Center	_	a-c										
District		Tottori	Sumiyoshi Elementary			Akasaki Culture Center	0858-55-0741	ОЧ									
(all of Abe; part of		(4)	School			Meirin Elementary School	0858-22-6175	~									
Hatagasaki, Kamigoto)	l lotogos -l::	Hatagasaki	Hatagasaki Junior High (2) Kofu Municipal Oga	Ogamo Elementary School	0858-28-0965	urayı											
	District 3 North				agasaki Oali i ligit (2) Kutu Wuliicipai	Yashiro Elementary School	0858-28-0951	Kurayoshi City									
	District 3 North					Farming Village Environment Improvement Center	0858-28-2090	City									
							0000-20-2030										

Name of		ZOT EVS	Temporary	ᅙᄧ		Evacuation destina	ation						
elementary school district	Name of neighborhood	Evacuation zone	assembly centers	Evacuation routes	Evacuation screening points	Name of facility	Telephone number	Name of city/ town					
						Kurayoshi Special Needs School Gymnasium	0858-28-3500	2					
	Hatagasaki				Kofu Municipal	Habataki Human Rights and Culture Center	0858-22-0232	Kurayoshi City					
	District 3 North			2	Gymnasium	Kurayoshi Welfare Center	0858-22-5248	shi (					
						Machikado Station	0858-23-4300	] ₹					
						Kasseika Center Hamanasu	0858-34-3555						
						Central Community Center Tomari Annex	0858-34-3011						
						Youth Home	_	Yurihama-chc					
	Kamigoto			1	Tohaku Park	Fishing Village Center	0858-34-3111	ihar					
Sumiyoshi	District 2		Sumiyoshi		Gymnasium	Hagoromo Community Hall	0858-35-5384	na-					
Community Center			<u>Community</u> <u>Center</u>			Sakura Community Facility	_	] 유					
District (all of Abe;			Sumiyoshi			Central Community Center	0858-32-1116						
part of Hatagasaki,			Elementary School			Hanami Community Facility	_						
Kamigoto)	Kamigoto		Gotogaoka	2	Kofu Municipal	Yashiro Community Center	0858-28-2155						
	District 4	Junior High Gymnasium	Junior High School	Junior High School	Junior High School	Junior High School	Junior High	Junior High	Junior High	Gymnasium	Kitadani Community Center	0858-28-0969	
		⊣						Corioor	Conoor				Kurayoshi Higashi High School
		Tottori				Seitoku Elementary School	0858-22-6173	ura					
	Abe	ori 🕹			Tohaku Park Gymnasium	Uwanada Community Center	0858-22-0640	Kurayoshi City					
		•		1		Seitoku Community Center	0858-22-1301	] ]: ]:					
						Nadate Community Center	0858-22-5401	ΪŢ					
	Nakanoumi					Prefectural Kurayoshi Sports and Cultural Hall	0858-26-4441						
	Districts 1, 2					Agei Children's Center	0858-26-9985						
	Kamo District 5 West				1	Nakayama Farmers'	Seigo Elementary School	0858-52-3016	Kotoura- cho				
	Kamo District 5 Central				Training Center	Tohaku Workers' Sports Center	0858-52-2797	o ura-					
	Kamo Housing					Former Nishi Elementary School Dormitory	_	Misasa- cho					
Kamo	rtarrie i redeling		<u>Kamo</u> Community			Takase Community Center (Gymnasium)	0858-43-1040	10 asa-					
Community	Mitsuyanagi Housing Complex		Center	2	Kofu Municipal Gymnasium	Kamihojo Community Center	0858-26-1763						
Center District	District 3		Kamo	-		Saigo Community Center	0858-26-2046	rayoshi City					
(part of Ryomitsuyanagi)	Mitsuyanagi Housing Complex District 4		Elementary School			Tottori Prefectural College of Agriculture	0858-45-2411	shi					
			Kamo Junior			Hojo Gymnasium	-	팢					
	Mitsuyanagi Kita	Mitsuyanagi Kita		High School (1)	Tohaku Park Gymnasium	Hojo Farming Village Environment Improvement Center	-	Hokuei-cho					
						Taisei Gymnasium	-	cho					
	Hamakawasaki				Nakayama Farmers' Training Center	Farmers' Training Center	0858-55-2707	Kotoura- cho					

Source: Yonago City



### List of facilities providing radiation protection measures

Facilities where people for whom evacuating quickly is difficult and who require special assistance can temporarily evacuate indoors (The facilities are equipped with filters to remove radioactive substances from the air and other measures).

Name of facility	Telephone number
Social Welfare Organization Saiseikai Imperial Gift Foundatin, Inc. (44 Yonegawa-cho, Sakaiminato City)	0859-42-3161
Social Welfare Corporation Sirayurikai (2480 Watari-cho, Sakaiminato City)	0859-45-5400
Shinseikai Yumigahama HospiTown (1511-1 Osaki, Yonago City)	0859-48-2331
Shinseikai Nursing Home for the Elderly Yutopia (581—3 Kawasaki, Yonago City)	0859-24-5666

Be prepared

## in everyday Check that your

preparations a	are in order!							
When you have prepared an item on t	the checklist, tick it off!							
□ Food and drink for your family to last a minimum of three days □ Long-sleeved shirt/long trousers/hat □ Radio and flashlight (+ extra batteries) □ First-aid kit/medicines that you normally take/prescriptions □ Bank passbook/seal/cash □ Health insurance card/driver's □ Health insurance card/driver's □ Hygiene goods (toothbrush, toothpaste, etc.)/sanitary napkins, etc. □ Towel and underwear □ □ Tissues/wet wipes □ Other necessary items (such as baby forumula and diapers) □ Keep the family car's fuel tank full  *It is easy to stockpile supplies if you regularly purchase food and other necessities that you would normally buy in slightly larger quantities.								
If there are any other items that you ne								
My evacuation	n destination							
<ul><li>Temporary assembly centers:</li><li>Evacuation destination:</li><li>My family members' ex</li></ul>	Temporary assembly centers:  Evacuation destination:							
Name Date of	Name Date of							
birth	Workplace (school, etc.)  Telephone number							
Name Date of birth  Workplace (school, etc.) Telephone number	Name Date of birth  Workplace (school, etc.)  Telephone number							



Publication/editing

Nuclear Power Safety Division, Crisis Management Bureau

T680-8570 1-271, Higashi-machi, Tottori City, Tottori Prefecture Tel:0857-26-7974 Fax:0857-26-8805 E-mail genshiryoku-anzen@pref.tottori.lg.jp Website address:http://www.genshiryoku.pref.tottori.jp/



Preparedness website by scanning the QR code abov